

Europäisches Patentamt  
European Patent Office  
Office européen des brevets



(11) EP 1 035 275 A1

(12)

## EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:  
13.09.2000 Bulletin 2000/37

(51) Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup>: E04H 17/16, B23Q 11/08,  
F16P 1/00

(21) Application number: 00200864.7

(22) Date of filing: 10.03.2000

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU  
MC NL PT SE  
Designated Extension States:  
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(30) Priority: 12.03.1999 NL 1011550

(71) Applicant:  
Hannessen, Pieter Gerrit  
3843 JK Harderwijk (NL)

(72) Inventor:  
Hannessen, Pieter Gerrit  
3843 JK Harderwijk (NL)

(74) Representative:  
Van Someren, Petronella F. H. M. et al  
Arnold & Siedsma,  
Advocaten en Octrooigemachtigden,  
Sweelinckplein 1  
2517 GK Den Haag (NL)

### (54) Screening structure

(57) A screening structure for a machine, installation, robot, warehouse, space or the like, constructed from posts and part-sections each fixed to two posts, wherein each part-section comprises at least two beams and a piece of screening material arranged there-

between and wherein means are provided for spacing the beams, which means are formed by the posts, whereby the posts form together with the beams a framework for enclosing the piece of screening material.

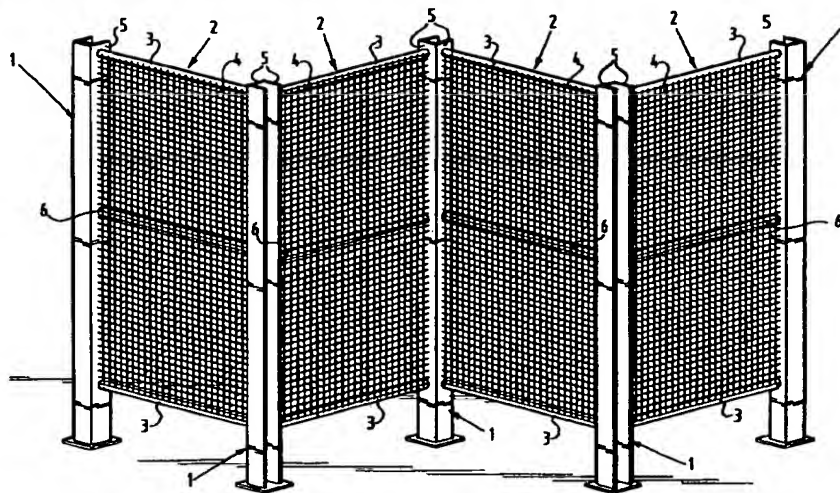


FIG. 1

EP 1 035 275 A1

## Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a screening structure for a machine, installation, robot, warehouse, space or the like, constructed from posts and part-sections each fixed to two posts, wherein each part-section comprises at least two beams and a piece of screening material arranged therebetween and wherein means are provided for spacing the beams.

[0002] Such a screening structure is arranged for instance around a machine, installation or robot to protect operatives against working parts of the machine, installation or robot. The screening structure can also serve as partition wall for a warehouse, space or the like. Such a screening structure known from the prior art is constructed from posts and part-sections each fixed to two posts, wherein each part-section comprises a framework and a piece of screening material arranged therein. The means for spacing the beams are thus formed by the vertical bars of the framework. The part-section is fixed to the posts with the bars of the framework. A drawback to such a screening structure is that it is difficult to adapt when the machine, installation or robot is modified. The dimensions of the framework of the part-section are a limiting factor during adaptation.

[0003] An object of the present invention is to provide a screening structure wherein the above-stated drawback is obviated. Another objective of the present invention is to provide a screening structure which can be manufactured and assembled inexpensively and simply.

[0004] The screening structure according to the present invention is characterized for this purpose in that the means for spacing the beams are formed by the posts. The posts hereby form together with the beams a framework for enclosing the piece of screening material, whereby the vertical bars become superfluous and can be omitted. Material is thus saved, resulting in lower manufacturing costs.

[0005] The beams between the posts are preferably fixed to the posts by means of fixing members. In advantageous manner the ends of the beams can be used to fix the part-section to two posts.

[0006] The edges of the piece of screening material directed toward the posts preferably lie substantially against a side of the posts lying transversely of the plane of the screening structure. This prevents the possibility of injuries from freely protruding edges of the piece of screening material. This is particularly important when reinforcing steel mats or other wire mesh structure are used as screening material.

[0007] In a preferred embodiment of the invention the fixing members co-act with the hollow embodied ends of the beams. In this manner a simple fixing of the part-section to the posts is obtained, which simplifies assembly.

[0008] The beams are in that case preferably tubular profiles, these profiles being simple and inexpensive

to manufacture.

[0009] The fixing members can be formed by self-tappers or screws. In the latter case at least the ends of the beams are provided with internal screw thread for fixing the beams to the posts by means of screws.

[0010] In a preferred embodiment the posts are U-shaped profiles. In addition to these profiles being inexpensive and simple to manufacture, they provide access to the inside of the post to facilitate the fixing between beams and posts.

[0011] There are preferably provided means for tensioning the piece of screening material in the plane of the screening structure. When the piece of screening material consists of relatively limp material, the screening material, which is only arranged between two beams, can be tensioned into a flat state by means of the tensioning means.

[0012] The tensioning means preferably comprise at least one engaging member which engages on the upper beam, and at least one length-adjustable spacer arranged between the engaging member and the upper portion of the post. By adjusting the length-adjustable spacer the upper beam is placed closer to the upper end of the post, and thus at a greater distance from the lower beam, wherein the piece of screening material is tensioned between the two beams.

[0013] In order to prevent bulging of the piece of screening material, at least one intermediate beam situated between the beams can be arranged on the piece of screening material and fixed to the posts.

[0014] The present invention will be further elucidated hereinbelow with reference to the annexed drawings. In the drawings:

fig. 1 shows a perspective view of a part of a screening structure according to the present invention,

fig. 2 shows a detail view of an embodiment of an attachment between a part-section and a post according to the invention,

fig. 3 is a detail view of a second embodiment of an attachment according to the invention, and

fig. 4 is a detail view of the upper portion of a part of the screening structure provided with tensioning means according to the invention.

[0015] Fig. 1 shows a part of a screening structure for a machine, installation, robot, warehouse, space or the like according to the present invention. The screening structure is constructed from posts 1 and part-sections 2 each fixed between two posts 1. Each part-section 2 comprises two beams 3 and a piece of screening material 4 arranged therebetween. In the embodiment of fig. 1 the piece of screening material 4 is formed by wire netting, although it will be apparent that any material serving as screening structure can be applied. Examples hereof are a reinforcing steel mat, a wire mesh structure, a grid of any suitable material or glass.

[0016] The piece of screening material 4 is fixed to beams 3 on two opposite sides thereof, and beams 3 are in turn fixed with the ends thereof to posts 1. However, the two sides of the piece of screening material 4 directed toward the posts are not fixed. Nor is this necessary, since posts 1 ensure that beams 3 with the screening material 4 arranged therebetween are spaced apart. The non-fixed, free edges of the piece of screening material 4 lie practically against a side 5 of posts 1 situated transversely of the plane of the screening structure. This prevents the possibility of anyone being injured on protruding parts, for instance protruding metal wires, of the piece of screening material 4.

[0017] As stated above, posts 1 ensure that beams 3 are spaced apart, wherein the piece of screening material 4 lies in a flat state between posts 1 and beams 3. In order to obviate possible bulging of the piece of screening material 4 an intermediate beam 6 situated between beams 3 can be arranged on the piece of screening material 4, which intermediate beam 6 is likewise fixed to posts 1.

[0018] In the embodiment of fig. 1 posts 1 are U-shaped profiles. The advantage of U-shaped profiles, in addition to being profiles which are relatively inexpensive and simple to manufacture, is that they provide access to the inside of the profile. A part-section can hereby be fixed to each of the three sides of post 1 so that any desired configuration of screening structure can be obtained.

[0019] Fig. 2 shows a first embodiment of an attachment between beams 3 and post 1 according to the invention. Beams 3 are tubular profiles, wherein the hollow ends of beams 3 co-act with self-tappers 7. Openings 8 are arranged in post 1 close to the top and the bottom (not shown). For fixing purposes the beams 3 are arranged with the ends thereof against side 5 of post 1 such that the cavities of beams 3 lie in line with the openings 8 arranged in this side 5. Via the inside of the U-shaped post 1 self-tappers 7 are then arranged through openings 8 and in the cavities of beams 3. Finally, the self-tappers are tightened using a tool such that part-section 2 is fixed to post 1. The same takes place on the other side of part-section 2 in order to fix part-section 2 between two posts.

[0020] In fig. 3 is shown a second embodiment of an attachment between beams 3 and posts 1 according to the present invention. In this embodiment the post is a rectangular tube profile, wherein in the walls of post 1 situated opposite openings 8 access holes 9 are arranged in line with openings 8. Through these access holes 9 fixing members can be arranged through openings 8 into beams 3 and a tool can be inserted for tightening the fixing elements. In contrast to the embodiment shown in fig. 2, the fixing members are formed in this embodiment by screws 10 which co-act with the ends of beams 3 provided with internal screw thread.

[0021] Fig. 4 shows a detail view of the upper portion of a part of a screening structure which is provided

with tensioning means according to the invention. The tensioning means comprise two engaging members 11 in the form of hooks, which engage on upper beam 3. In addition, the tensioning means comprise two length-adjustable spacers 12 in the form of the ends 12, provided with screw thread, of hooks 11 which are arranged via a connecting tube 13 between engaging members 11 and upper portions of posts 1. Onto the ends of hooks 11 are screwed nuts 14 which rest via a ring 15 on the top side of connecting tube 13. As the nuts 14 are further tightened the lengths of spacers 12, and thus the distance between the top side of connecting tube 13 and the upper beam of part-section 2 will decrease and the piece of screening material 4 will be tensioned in the plane of the screening structure.

[0022] The screening structure according to the present invention is constructed from components which are relatively inexpensive to manufacture. In addition, the screening structure is simple to assemble, and also simple to adapt in the case of a possible modification of the machine, installation, robot, warehouse, space or the like enclosed by the screening structure. In order to adapt the screening structure a post with part-section can be removed from or added to the screening structure. It is also possible to shorten a part-section between two posts by sawing through the part-section with a circular saw, wherein the "new" ends of the beams are fixed to the post.

### Claims

1. Screening structure for a machine, installation, robot, warehouse, space or the like, constructed from posts and part-sections each fixed to two posts, wherein each part-section comprises at least two beams and a piece of screening material arranged therebetween and wherein means are provided for spacing the beams, characterized in that said means are formed by the posts.
2. Screening structure as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the beams between the posts are fixed to the posts by means of fixing members.
3. Screening structure as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the edges of the piece of screening material directed toward the posts lie substantially against a side of the posts lying transversely of the plane of the screening structure.
4. Screening structure as claimed in claim 2 or 3, characterized in that the fixing members co-act with the hollow embodied ends of the beams.
5. Screening structure as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the beams are tubular profiles.
6. Screening structure as claimed in claim 4 or 5,

characterized in that at least the ends of the beams are provided with internal screw thread.

7. Screening structure as claimed in any of the preceding claims, characterized in that the posts are 5  
U-shaped profiles.
8. Screening structure as claimed in any of the preceding claims, characterized in that there are provided means for tensioning the piece of screening 10  
material in the plane of the screening structure.
9. Screening structure as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that the tensioning means comprise at 15  
least one engaging member which engages on the upper beam, and at least one length-adjustable spacer arranged between the engaging member and the upper portion of the post.
10. Screening structure as claimed in any of the preceding claims, characterized in that at least one 20  
intermediate beam situated between the beams is arranged on the piece of screening material and fixed to the posts.

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

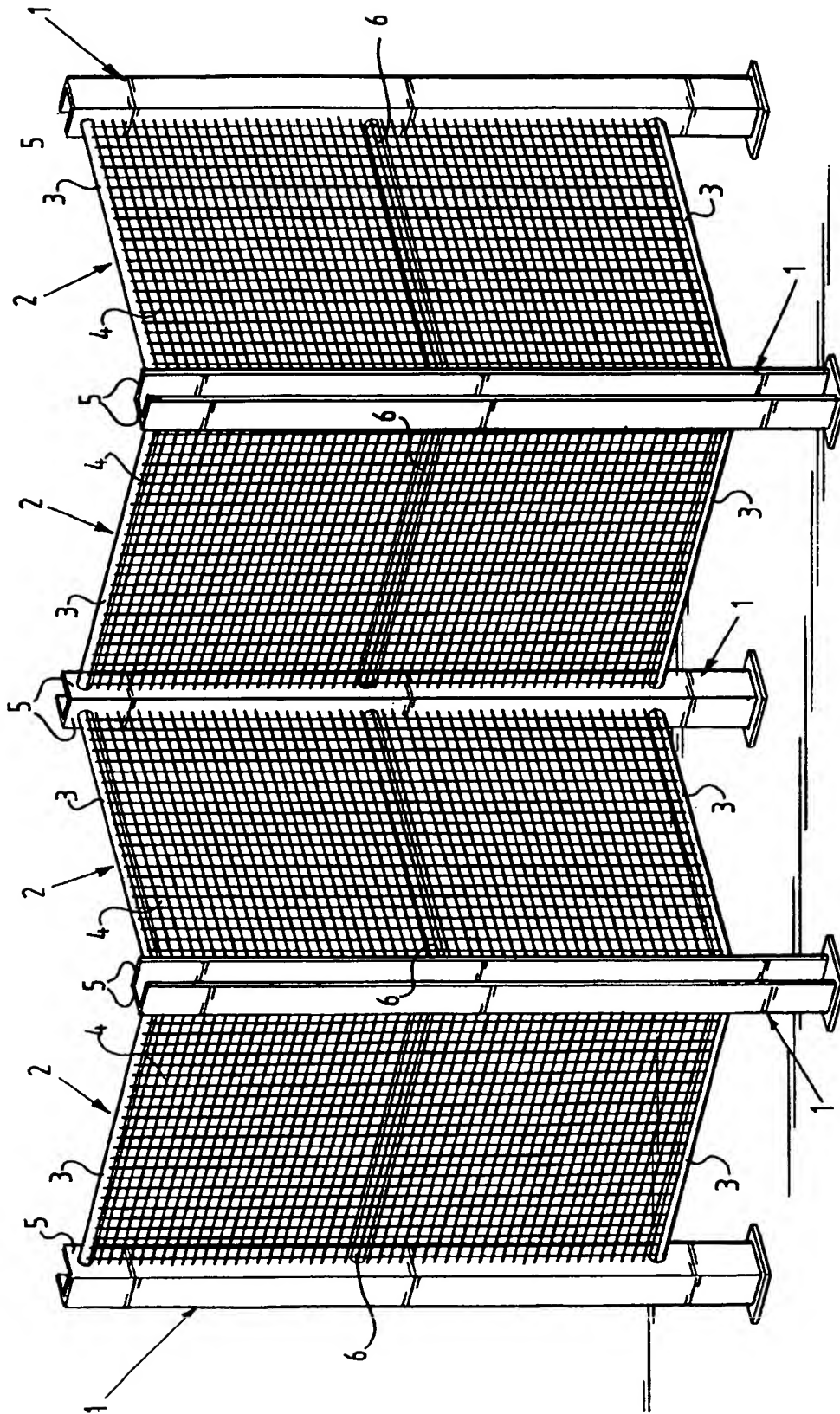


FIG.1

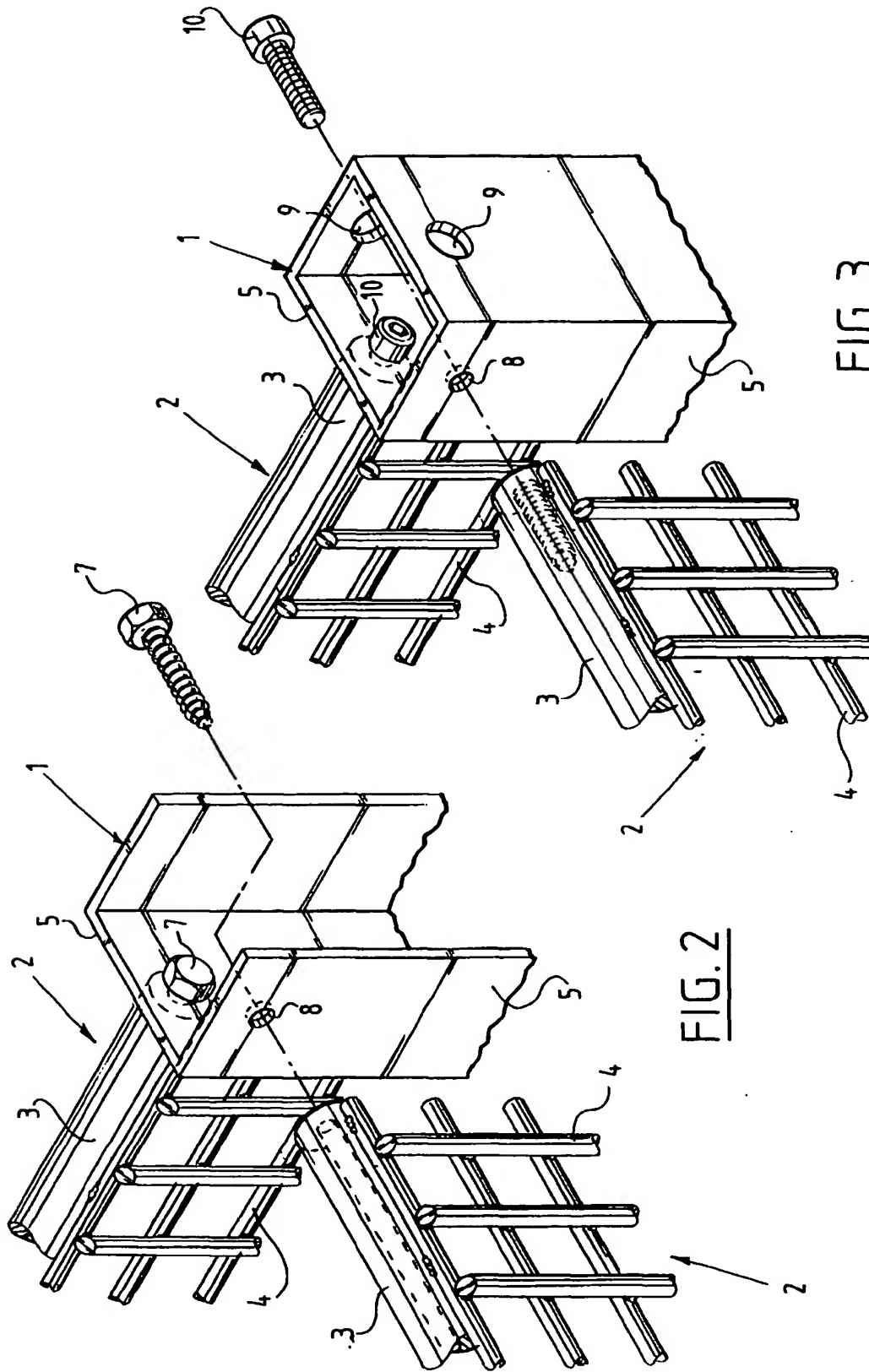
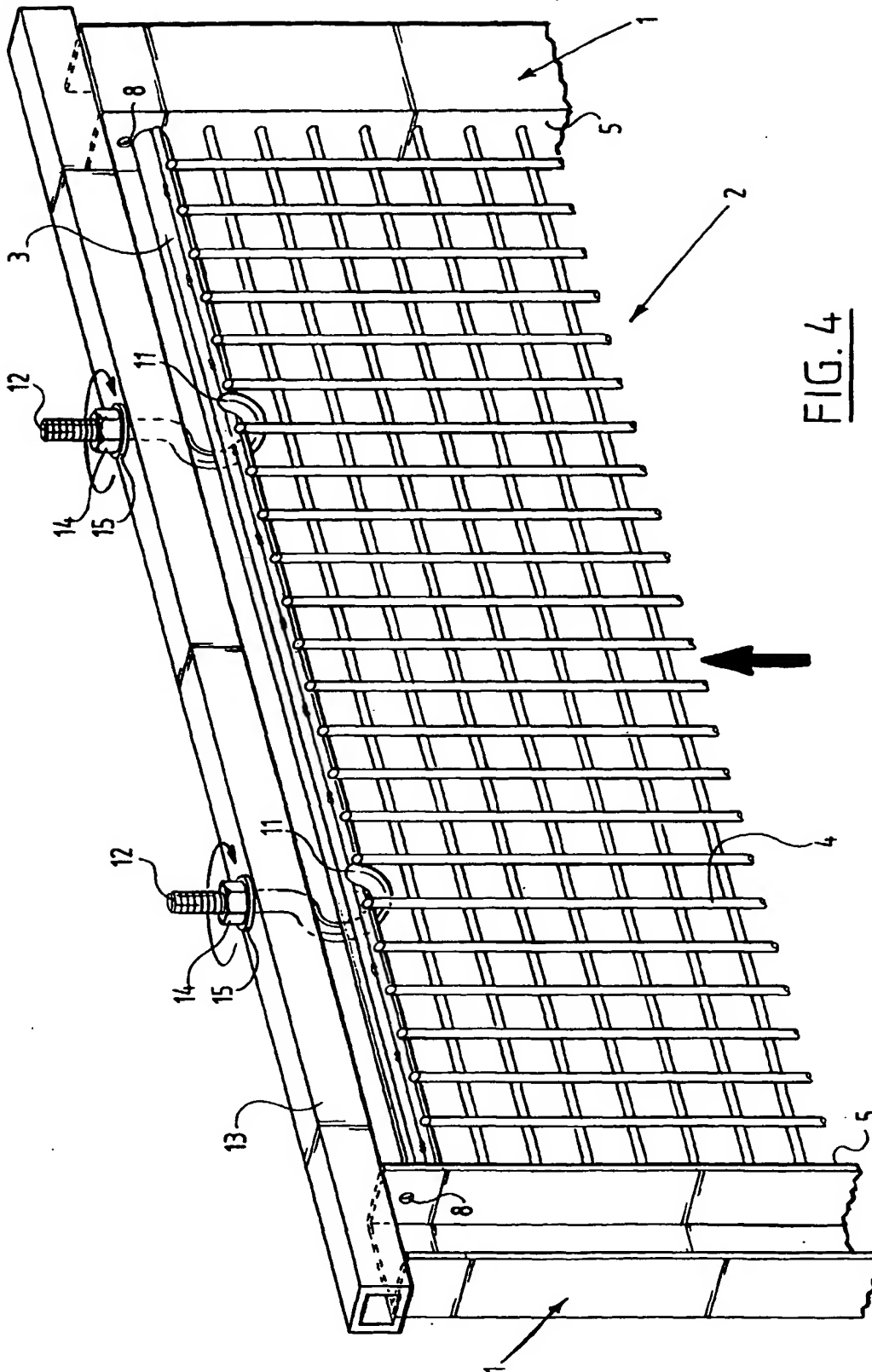


FIG. 3

FIG. 2





European Patent  
Office

# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 00 20 0864

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
X	FR 2 382 566 A (N.V. BEKAERT S.A.) 29 September 1978 (1978-09-29) * figures 1,5 *	1-5,8,10	E04H17/16 B23Q11/08 F16P1/00
X	FR 2 555 639 A (LEFEBVRE) 31 May 1985 (1985-05-31) * figures 1,2,6,7 *	1-4	
X	DE 44 16 722 A (BRÜHL ET AL) 12 January 1995 (1995-01-12) * figures 1,13-17 *	1-3	
X	FR 2 606 817 A (SARL FERRONNERIE-SERRURERIE LOUIS WILLOQUAUX) 20 May 1988 (1988-05-20) * figure 1 *	1,2	
A	US 4 981 225 A (COLE) 1 January 1991 (1991-01-01) * figures 1,5 *	1-3	
A	DE 35 15 669 A (DESCHNER) 4 December 1986 (1986-12-04) * figure 1 *	1,2,4,5,8	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7) E04H B23Q F16P
A	DE 297 14 539 U (LECHTENBÖHMER) 17 December 1998 (1998-12-17) * figure 9 *	1,4-6	
A	US 5 730 426 A (TU) 24 March 1998 (1998-03-24) * figure 1 *	7	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search <b>THE HAGUE</b>		Date of completion of the search <b>23 June 2000</b>	Examiner <b>Carmichael, Guy</b>
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons ..... & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	

EPO FORM 1500 03.92 (P4/C01)



**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT  
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 00 20 0864

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

23-06-2000

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
FR 2382566	A	29-09-1978	NONE	
FR 2555639	A	31-05-1985	NONE	
DE 4416722	A	12-01-1995	DE 9307229 U DE 9407796 U	22-07-1993 08-09-1994
FR 2606817	A	20-05-1988	NONE	
US 4981225	A	01-01-1991	NONE	
DE 3515669	A	04-12-1986	NONE	
DE 29714539	U	17-12-1998	DE 19836390 A	15-04-1999
US 5730426	A	24-03-1998	NONE	

EPO FORM P-489

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82